

Model 325 Temperature Controller



- Operates down to 1.2 K with appropriate sensor
- Two sensor inputs
- Supports diode, RTD, and thermocouple sensors
- Sensor excitation current reversal eliminates thermal EMF errors in resistance sensors
- Two autotuning control loops: 25 W and 2 W maximum
- Control loop 2: variable DC voltage source from 0 to 10 V maximum
- IEEE-488 and RS-232C interfaces
- **CE** certification
- Full 3 year standard warranty





Introduction

The Model 325 dual-channel temperature controller is capable of supporting nearly any diode, RTD, or thermocouple temperature sensor. Two independent PID control loops with heater outputs of 25 W and 2 W are configured to drive either a 50 Ω or 25 Ω load for optimal cryocooler control flexibility. Designed with ease of use, functionality, and value in mind, the Model 325 is ideal for general-purpose laboratory and industrial temperature measurement and control applications.

Sensor inputs

The Model 325 temperature controller features two inputs with a high-resolution 24-bit analog-to-digital converter and separate current sources for each input. Constant current excitation allows temperature to be measured and controlled down to 2.0 K using appropriate Cernox™ RTDs or down to 1.4 K using silicon diodes. Thermocouples allow for temperature measurement and control above 1.500 K. Sensors are optically isolated from other instrument functions for quiet and repeatable sensor measurements. The Model 325 also uses current reversal to eliminate thermal EMF errors in resistance sensors. Sensor data from each input is updated up to ten times per second, with display outputs twice each second.

Standard temperature response curves for silicon diodes, platinum RTDs, ruthenium oxide RTDs, and many thermocouples are included. Up to fifteen 200-point CalCurves™ (for Lake Shore calibrated temperature sensors) or user curves can be stored into non-volatile memory. A built-in SoftCal™1 algorithm can be used to generate curves for silicon diodes and platinum RTDs for storage as user curves. The Lake Shore curve handler software program allows sensor curves to be easily loaded and manipulated.

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Sensor inputs for the Model 325 are factory configured and compatible with either diodes/RTDs or thermocouple sensors. Your choice of two diode/RTD inputs, one diode/RTD input and one thermocouple input, or two thermocouple inputs must be specified at time of order and cannot be reconfigured in the field. Software selects appropriate excitation current and signal gain levels when the sensor type is entered via the instrument front panel.

Temperature control

The Model 325 temperature controller offers two independent proportional-integral-derivative (PID) control loops. A PID algorithm calculates control output based on temperature setpoint and feedback from the control sensor. Wide tuning parameters accommodate most cryogenic cooling systems and many small high-temperature ovens. A high-resolution digital-to-analog converter generates a smooth control

output. The user can set the PID values or the Autotuning feature of the Model 325 can automate the tuning process.

Control loop 1 heater output for the Model 325 is a well-regulated variable DC current source. The output can provide up to 25 W of continuous power to a 50 Ω or 25 Ω heater load, and includes a lower range for systems with less cooling power. Control loop 2 heater output is a single-range, variable DC voltage source. The output can source up to 0.2 A, providing 2 W of heater power at the 50 Ω setting or 1 W at the 25 Ω setting. When not being used for temperature control, the loop 2 heater output can be used as a manually controlled voltage source. The output voltage can vary from 0 to 10 V on the 50 Ω setting, or 0 to 5 V on the 25 Ω setting. Both heater outputs are referenced to chassis ground.

The setpoint ramp feature allows smooth continuous setpoint changes and can also make the approach to setpoint more predictable. The zone feature can automatically change control parameter values for operation over a large temperature range. Ten different temperature zones can be loaded into the instrument, which will select the next appropriate value on setpoint change.

Temperature limit settings for inputs are provided as a safeguard against system damage¹. Each input is assigned a temperature limit, and if any input exceeds that limit, all control channels are automatically disabled.

¹ Firmware version 1.5 and later



Model 325 rear panel

- 1 Loop 1 heater output
- 2 Serial (RS-232C) I/O (DTE)
- 3 Line input assembly

- 4 Loop 2 heater output
- 5 Sensor input connectors
- 6 IEEE-488 interface



Interface

The Model 325 includes both parallel (IEEE-488) and serial (RS-232C) computer interfaces. In addition to data gathering, nearly every function of the instrument can be controlled via computer interface. Sensor curves can also be entered and manipulated through either interface using the Lake Shore curve handler software program.



Normal (default) display configuration

The display provides four reading locations. Readings from each input and the control setpoint can be expressed in any combination of temperature or sensor units, with heater output expressed as a percent of full scale current or power.

Flexible configuration

Reading locations can be configured by the user to meet application needs. The character preceding the reading indicates input A or B or setpoint S. The character following the reading indicates measurement units.

1:	34.	050Ω	28.	0000k
2:	38.	200Ω	30.	0000k

Curve entry

The Model 325 display offers the flexibility to support curve, SoftCal™, and zone entry. Curve entry may be performed accurately and to full resolution via the display and keypad as well as computer interface.

Configurable display

The Model 325 offers a bright, easy to read LCD display that simultaneously displays up to four readings. Display data includes input and source annunciators for each reading. All four display locations can be configured by the user. Data from either input can be assigned to any of the four locations, and the user's choice of temperature or sensor units can be displayed. Heater range and control output as current or power can be continuously displayed for immediate feedback on control operation. The channel A or B indicator is underlined to indicate which channel is being controlled by the displayed control loop.

Sensor Selection

Sensor temperature range (sensors sold separately)

		Model	Useful range	Magnetic field use
Diodes	Silicon diode	DT-670-SD	1.4 K to 500 K	T ≥ 60 K & B ≤ 3 T
	Silicon diode	DT-670E-BR	30 K to 500 K	$T \ge 60 \text{ K \& B} \le 3 \text{ T}$
	Silicon diode	DT-414	1.4 K to 375 K	$T \ge 60 \text{ K \& B} \le 3 \text{ T}$
	Silicon diode	DT-421	1.4 K to 325 K	$T \ge 60 \text{ K \& B} \le 3 \text{ T}$
	Silicon diode	DT-470-SD	1.4 K to 500 K	$T \ge 60 \text{ K \& B} \le 3 \text{ T}$
	Silicon diode	DT-471-SD	10 K to 500 K	$T \ge 60 \text{ K \& B} \le 3 \text{ T}$
	GaAlAs diode	TG-120-P	1.4 K to 325 K	$T > 4.2 \text{ K \& B} \le 5 \text{ T}$
	GaAlAs diode	TG-120-PL	1.4 K to 325 K	$T > 4.2 \text{ K \& B} \le 5 \text{ T}$
	GaAlAs diode	TG-120-SD	1.4 K to 500 K	$T > 4.2 \text{ K \& B} \le 5 \text{ T}$
Positive temperature	100 Ω platinum	PT-102/3	14 K to 873 K	$T > 40 \text{ K \& B} \le 2.5 \text{ T}$
coefficient RTDs	100 Ω platinum	PT-111	14 K to 673 K	$T > 40 \text{ K \& B} \le 2.5 \text{ T}$
	Rhodium-iron	RF-800-4	1.4 K to 500 K	$T > 77 \text{ K \& B} \le 8 \text{ T}$
	Rhodium-iron	RF-100T/U	1.4 K to 325 K	$T > 77 \text{ K \& B} \le 8 \text{ T}$
Negative	Cernox™	CX-1010	2 K to 325 K ⁵	$T > 2 K \& B \le 19 T$
temperature	Cernox™	CX-1030-HT	3.5 K to 420 K ^{3,6}	$T > 2 K \& B \le 19 T$
coefficient RTDs ²	Cernox™	CX-1050-HT	4 K to 420 K ^{3, 6}	$T > 2 K \& B \le 19 T$
	Cernox™	CX-1070-HT	15 K to 420 K ³	$T > 2 K \& B \le 19 T$
	Cernox™	CX-1080-HT	50 K to 420 K ³	$T>2~K~\&~B\leq 19~T$
	Germanium	GR-300-AA	1.2 K to 100 K ⁴	Not recommended
	Germanium	GR-1400-AA	4 K to 100 K ⁴	Not recommended
	Carbon-glass	CGR-1-500	4 K to 325 K ⁵	$T > 2 K \& B \le 19 T$
	Carbon-glass	CGR-1-1000	5 K to 325 K⁵	$T > 2 K \& B \le 19 T$
	Carbon-glass	CGR-1-2000	6 K to 325 K⁵	$T>2~K~\&~B\leq 19~T$
	Rox™	RX-102A	1.4 K to 40 K ⁵	$T > 2 K \& B \le 10 T$
Thermocouples	Туре К	9006-006	3.2 K to 1505 K	Not recommended
	Type E	9006-004	3.2 K to 934 K	Not recommended
	Chromel-AuFe 0.07%	9006-002	1.2 K to 610 K	Not recommended

² Single excitation current may limit the low temperature range of NTC resistors

Silicon diodes are the best choice for general cryogenic use from 1.4 K to above room temperature. Diodes are economical to use because they follow a standard curve and are interchangeable in many applications. They are not suitable for use in ionizing radiation or magnetic fields.

Cernox™ thin-film RTDs offer high sensitivity and low magnetic field-induced errors over the 2 K to 420 K temperature range. Cernox sensors require calibration.

Platinum RTDs offer high uniform sensitivity from 30 K to over 800 K. With excellent reproducibility, they are useful as thermometry standards. They follow a standard curve above 70 K and are interchangeable in many applications.

³ Non-HT version maximum temperature: 325 K

⁴ Low temperature limited by input resistance range

⁵ Low temperature specified with self-heating error: ≤5 mK

 $^{^{\}rm 6}$ Low temperature specified with self-heating error: ${\le}12~\text{mK}$



Typical sensor performance—see Appendix F for sample calculations of typical sensor performance

	Example Lake Shore sensor	Temperature	Nominal resistance/ voltage	Typical sensor sensitivity ⁷	Measurement resolution: temperature equivalents	Electronic accuracy: temperature equivalents	Temperature accuracy including electronic accuracy, CalCurve™, and calibrated sensor	Electronic control stability ⁸ : temperature equivalents
Silicon diode	DT-670-SD-13	1.4 K	1.664 V	-12.49 mV/K	0.8 mK	±13 mK	±25 mK	±1.6 mK
	with 1.4H	77 K	1.028 V	-1.73 mV/K	5.8 mK	±76 mK	±98 mK	±11.6 mK
	calibration	300 K	0.5596 V	-2.3 mV/K	4.3 mK	±47 mK	±79 mK	±8.7 mK
		500 K	0.0907 V	-2.12 mV/K	4.8 mK	±40 mK	±90 mK	±9.6 mK
Silicon diode	DT-470-SD-13	1.4 K	1.6981 V	-13.1 mV/K	0.8 mK	±13 mK	±25 mK	±1.6 mK
	with 1.4H	77 K	1.0203 V	-1.92 mV/K	5.2 mK	±68 mK	±90 mK	±10.4 mK
	calibration	300 K	0.5189 V	-2.4 mV/K	4.2 mK	±44 mK	±76 mK	±8.4 mK
		475 K	0.0906 V	-2.22 mV/K	4.6 mK	±39 mK	±89 mK	±9.2 mK
GaAlAs diode	TG-120-SD	1.4 K	5.391 V	-97.5 mV/K	0.2 mK	±8.8 mK	±21 mK	±0.4 mK
	with 1.4H	77 K	1.422 V	-1.24 mV/K	16.2 mK	±373 mK	±395 mK	±32.4 mK
	calibration	300 K	0.8978 V	-2.85 mV/K	7 mK	±144 mK	±176 mK	±14 mK
		475 K	0.3778 V	-3.15 mV/K	6.4 mK	±114 mK	±164 mK	±12.8 mK
100 Ω platinum RTD	PT-103 with	30 K	3.660 Ω	0.191 Ω/Κ	10.5 mK	±23 mK	±33 mK	±21 mK
500 Ω full scale	1.4J calibration	77 K	20.38 Ω	0.423 Ω/Κ	4.8 mK	±15 mK	±27 mK	±9.6 mK
		300 K	110.35 Ω	0.387 Ω/Κ	5.2 mK	±39 mK	±62 mK	±10.4 mK
		500 K	185.668 Ω	0.378 Ω/Κ	5.3 mK	±60 mK	±106 mK	±10.6 mK
Cernox™	CX-1050-SD-	4.2 K	3507.2 Ω	-1120.8 Ω/K	36 µK	±1.4 mK	±6.4 mK	±72 μK
	HT9 with 4M	77 K	205.67 Ω	-2.4116 Ω/K	16.6 mK	±76 mK	±92 mK	±33.2 mK
	calibration	300 K	59.467 Ω	-0.1727 Ω/K	232 mK	±717 mK	±757 mK	±464 mK
		420 K	45.030 Ω	-0.0829 Ω/K	483 mK	±1.42 K	±1.49 K	±966 mK
Germanium	GR-300-AA	1.2 K	600 Ω	-987 Ω/K	51 μK	±345 μK	±4.5 mK	±101 μK
	with 0.3D	1.4 K	449 Ω	-581 Ω/K	86 µK	±481 μK	±4.7 mK	±172 μK
	calibration	4.2 K	94 Ω	-27 Ω/K	1.9 mK	±5.19 mK	±10.2 mK	±3.8 mK
		100 K	2.72 Ω	-0.024 Ω/K	2.1 K	±4.25 K	±4.27 K	±4.20 K
Germanium	GR-1400-AA	4 K	1873 Ω	-1008 Ω/K	50 μK	±842 μK	±5.0 mK	±99 μK
	with 1.4D	4.2 K	1689 Ω	-862 Ω/K	58 μK	±900 μK	±5.1 mK	±116 μK
	calibration	10 K	253 Ω	-62 Ω/K	807 μK	±3.2 mK	±8.2 mK	±1.6 mK
		100 K	2.80 Ω	-0.021 Ω/K	2.4 K	±4.86 K	±4.884 K	±4.81 K
Carbon-glass	CGR-1-2000	4.2 K	2260 Ω	-2060 Ω/K	20 μK	±0.5 mK	±4.5 mK	±40 μK
-	with 4L	77 K	21.65 Ω	-0.157 Ω/K	255 mK	±692 mK	±717 mK	±510 mK
	calibration	300 K	11.99 Ω	-0.015 Ω/K	2.667 K	±7 K	±7.1 K	±5.334 K
Thermocouple	Type K	75 K	-5862.9 μV	15.6 μV/K	26 mK	±0.25 K ¹⁰	Calibration not	±52 mK
50 mV	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	300 K	1075.3 μV	40.6 μV/K	10 mK	±0.038 K ¹⁰	available from Lake	±20 mK
		600 K	13325 μV	41.7 μV/K	10 mK	±0.184 K ¹⁰	Shore	±20 mK
		1505 K	49998.3 µV	36.006 μV/K	12 mK	±0.73 K ¹⁰		±24 mK
				p				

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 $^{^{7}\,}$ Typical sensor sensitivities were taken from representative calibrations for the sensor listed

⁸ Control stability of the electronics only, in an ideal thermal system

⁹ Non-HT version maximum temperature: 325 K

¹⁰ Accuracy specification does not include errors from room temperature compensation



Model 325 Specifications

Input specifications

	Sensor temperature coefficient	Input range	Excitation current	Display resolution	Measurement resolution	Electronic accuracy	Electronic control stability ¹¹
Diode	negative	0 V to 2.5 V	10 μ A $\pm 0.05\%^{12,13}$	100 μV	10 μV	±80 μV ±0.005% of rdg	±20 μV
	negative	0 V to 7.5 V	10 μA ±0.05% ^{12, 13}	100 μV	20 μV	±320 μV ±0.01% of rdg	±40 μV
PTC RTD	positive	0 Ω to 500 Ω	1 mA ¹⁴	10 mΩ	2 mΩ	$\pm 0.004~\Omega~\pm 0.01\%$ of rdg	±4 mΩ
	positive	0 Ω to 5000 Ω	1 mA ¹⁴	100 mΩ	20 mΩ	$\pm 0.04~\Omega~\pm 0.02\%$ of rdg	±40 mΩ
NTC RTD	negative	0 Ω to 7500 Ω	$10 \ \mu A \pm 0.05\%^{14}$	100 mΩ	40 mΩ	$\pm 0.1~\Omega~\pm 0.04\%$ of rdg	±80 mΩ
Thermocouple	positive	±25 mV	NA	1 μV	0.4 μV	$\pm 1~\mu V~\pm 0.05\%$ of rdg 15	±0.8 μV
	positive	±50 mV	NA	1 μV	0.4 μV	$\pm 1~\mu V~\pm 0.05\%$ of rdg 15	±0.8 μV

¹¹ Control stability of the electronics only, in an ideal thermal system

Thermometry

Number of inputs 2

Input configuration Each input is factory configured for either diode/RTD or thermocouple

Isolation Sensor inputs optically isolated from other circuits but not each other ${\bf A/D}$ resolution 24-bit

Input accuracy Sensor dependent—refer to Input Specifications table

 $\textbf{Measurement resolution} \ \mathsf{Sensor \ dependent} \\ --\mathsf{refer \ to \ } \\ \mathsf{Input \ Specifications \ table}$

Maximum update rate 10 rdg/s on each input (except 5 rdg/s on input A when configured as thermocouple)

User curves Room for 15 200-point CalCurves™ or user curves

SoftCal[™] Improves accuracy of DT-470 diode to ± 0.25 K

Sensor input configuration

	Diode/RTD	Thermocouple
Measurement type	4-lead differential	2-lead differential, room
		temperature compensated
Excitation	Constant current with current	N/A
	reversal for RTDs	
Supported sensors	Diodes: Silicon, GaAlAs	Most thermocouple types
	RTDs: 100 Ω Platinum, 1000 Ω	
	Platinum, Germanium, Carbon-	
	Glass, Cernox™, and Rox™	
Standard curves	DT-470, DT-500D, DT-670,	Type E, Type K, Type T,
	PT-100, PT-1000, RX-102A,	AuFe 0.07% vs. Cr,
	RX-202A	AuFe 0.03% vs Cr
Input connector	6-pin DIN	Ceramic isothermal block

from 30 K to 375 K; improves accuracy of platinum RTDs to ± 0.25 K from 70 K to 325 K; stored as user curves

Filter Averages 2 to 64 input readings

Control

Control loops 2

Control type Closed loop digital PID with manual heater output or open loop

Tuning Autotune (one loop at a time), PID, PID zones

Control stability Sensor dependent—see Input Specification table

PID control settings

Proportional (gain) 0 to 1000 with 0.1 setting resolution

Integral (reset) 1 to 1000 (1000/s) with 0.1 setting resolution

Derivative (rate) 1 to 200% with 1% resolution

Manual output 0 to 100% with 0.01% setting resolution

Zone control 10 temperature zones with P, I, D, manual heater out, and heater range

Setpoint ramping 0.1 K/min to 100 K/min

Safety limits Curve temperature, power up heater off, short circuit protection



¹² Current source error has negligible effect on measurement accuracy

¹³ Diode input excitation current can be set to 1 mA — refer to the Model 325 user manual for details

¹⁴ Current source error is removed during calibration

¹⁵ Accuracy specification does not include errors from room temperature compensation



Loop 1 heater output

	25 Ω setting	50 Ω setting		
Туре	Variable DC current source			
D/A resolution	16-bit			
Max power	25 W			
Max current	1 A	0.71 A		
Voltage compliance	25 V	35.4 V		
Heater load range	20 Ω to 25 Ω	40 Ω to 50 Ω		
Heater load for max power	25 Ω	50 Ω		
Ranges	2 (2.5 W/25 W)			
Heater noise (<1 kHz)	1 μA + 0.01% of output			
Grounding	Output referenced to chassis ground			
Heater connector	Dual banana			

Loop 2 heater output

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	25 Ω setting	50 Ω setting		
Туре	Variable DC voltage source			
D/A resolution	16-bit			
Max power	1 W	2 W		
Max voltage	5 V	10 V		
Current compliance	0.2 A			
Heater load range	≥ 25 Ω	≥ 50 Ω		
Heater load for max power	25 Ω	50 Ω		
Ranges	1			
Heater noise (<1 kHz)	50 μV + 0.01% of output			
Grounding	Output referenced to chassis ground			
Heater connector	Detachable terminal block			

Front panel

Display 2-line × 20-character, liquid crystal display with 5.5 mm character height

Number of reading displays 1 to 4

Display units K, $^{\circ}$ C, V, mV, Ω

Reading source Temperature, sensor units

Display update rate 2 rdg/s

Temp display resolution 0.001° from 0° to 99.999° , 0.01° from 100° to 999.99° , 0.1° above 1000°

Sensor units display resolution Sensor dependent; to 5 digits

Other displays Setpoint, Heater Range, and Heater Output (user selected)

Setpoint setting resolution Same as display resolution (actual resolution is sensor dependent)

Heater output display Numeric display in percent of full scale for power or current **Heater output resolution 1%**

Display annunciators Control Input, Remote, Autotune

Keypad 20-key membrane, numeric and specific functions

Front panel features Front panel curve entry, keypad lock-out

Interface

IEEE-488 interface

Features SH1, AH1, T5, L4, SR1, RL1, PP0, DC1, DT0, C0, E1

Reading rate To 10 rdg/s on each input

Software support LabVIEW[™] driver (see www.lakeshore.com)

Serial interface

Electrical format RS-232C

Baud rates 9600, 19200, 38400, 57600 Connector 9-pin D-style, DTE configuration Reading rate To 10 rdg/s on each input

Ambient temperature 15 °C to 35 °C at rated accuracy, 5 °C to 40 °C at reduced accuracy

Power requirement 100, 120, 220, 240 VAC, +6%, -10%, 50 or 60 Hz, 85 VA

Size 216 mm W \times 89 mm H \times 368 mm D (8.5 in \times 3.5 in \times 14.5 in), half rack

Weight 4.00 kg (8.82 lb) Approval CE mark, RoHS

Ordering information

Part number **Description**

325 2 diode/resistor inputs temperature controller, includes one

dual banana jack heater output connector (106-009), two 6-pin DIN plug sensor input mating connectors (G-106-233), one 2-pin terminal block (106-735), a calibration certificate

and a user's manual

325-T1 Model 325 with one diode/RTD and one thermocouple input

Model 325 with two thermocouple inputs 325-T2

Please indicate your power/cord configuration:

1 100 V-U.S. cord (NEMA 5-15)

2 120 V-U.S. cord (NEMA 5-15)

3 220 V—Euro cord (CEE 7/7) 4 240 V—Euro cord (CEE 7/7)

5 240 V—U.K. cord (BS 1363)

6 240 V-Swiss cord (SEV 1011)

7 220 V—China cord (GB 1002)

Accessories

112-177 Temperature controller cable, 3 m (10 ft)—IN STOCK

112-178 Temperature controller cable, 6 m (20 ft) 112-180 Temperature controller cable, 10 m (33 ft)

1 m (3.3 ft long) IEEE-488 (GPIB) computer interface cable 6201

assembly

RM-1/2 Kit for mounting one ½ rack temperature controller in a

482.6 mm (19 in) rack, 90 mm (3.5 in) high

RM-2 Kit for mounting two ½ rack temperature controllers in a

482.6 mm (19 in) rack, 135 mm (5.25 in) high

G-106-735 Terminal block, 2-pin

G-106-233 Sensor input mating connector (6-pin DIN plug)

106-009 Banana plug, dual

CAL-325-CERT Instrument calibration with certificate

CAL-325-DATA Instrument recalibration with certificate and data Model 325 temperature controller manual 119-041

All specifications are subject to change without notice









